

Personalized Real Time Recommendation System for a Timeshare Exchange Company





Dibyamshu Shrestha, Hemanya Tyagi, Mohinder Pal Goyal, Robin Jindal, Matthew A. Lanham Purdue University Krannert School of Management

dshresth@purdue.edu; tyagih@purdue.edu; goyal62@purdue.edu; rjindal@purdue.edu; lanhamm@purdue.edu



ABSTRACT

This study provides frameworks to incorporate real-time search data into a resort recommendation system for a timeshare exchange company. Previous models leveraged the search data up to the last day to provide recommendations to the user. However, this approach doesn't work out well as it does not account for the current context. We developed two models to leverage real-time search data for recommendations and significantly improved bookings and henceforth revenue.



INTRODUCTION

Real-Time personalized recommendations in today's world:

#1

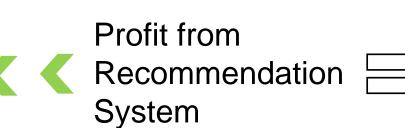
35%

\$1 Billion

44%

Customer Purchases Per year cost Travel bookings Driver of consumer saving for Netflix on TripAdvisor on Amazon purchase decisions

Cost of Deploying Recommendation System





Having a robust, relevant, and diverse recommendation system leads to cost savings and enriched customer experiences. Thus, incorporating the current user context becomes crucial to provide accurate and appropriate recommendations.

RESEARCH QUESTIONS

- > How to convert search activity into features and incorporate this info into learning algorithm and produce recommendations within 5 seconds?
- > How much does incorporating the search activity improve the recommendation system compared to baseline?

LITERATURE REVIEW

Author, Year	Collaborative	Cosine	Rankboost	Neural	Gradient	Latent
	Filtering	Similarity	Algorithm	Network	Boosting	Factor
Our study, 2020	✓	✓				
Y Zhou, 2017	~			✓		
M Arruza, 2016		~			✓	
G Huming, 2010	~		~			
Y Hu, 2008	~					/
Table 1: Literature review summary by method used						

After discussing and evaluating various modeling approached, we went ahead with Collaborative Filtering & Cosine Similarity as it suited our field.

METHODOLOGY

The data used for this study was provided by the company. In this dataset we have details of around 2.5 Million members, confirmation data of past 5 years, search data of past 1 year and 350 amenities details of 4345 resorts.

MATRIX FACTORIZATION

Matrix

Run MF

model

Current Search

Filter &

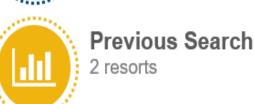
Recommend

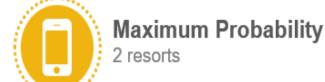
Weight Factor = (Surge Factor) * $\left\{\frac{x}{y}\right\}$ * $\frac{(a^{x} - a^{-x})}{(a^{x} + a^{-x})}$ Equation 1: Update Factor for MF model **User Resort**

- x is Current Search Count
- y is Average Search Count
- SF Booking > SF Recent Search > SF Past Search
- a Resort Search > a City Search > a Region Search









EOD

Figure 1: Process Flow of MF model

Figure 2: Recommendation Distribution of MF model

3 BUSINESS FACTORS

- More granular search has more weightage
- More recent search has more weightage
- Bookings have more weightage than search

COSINE SIMILARITY

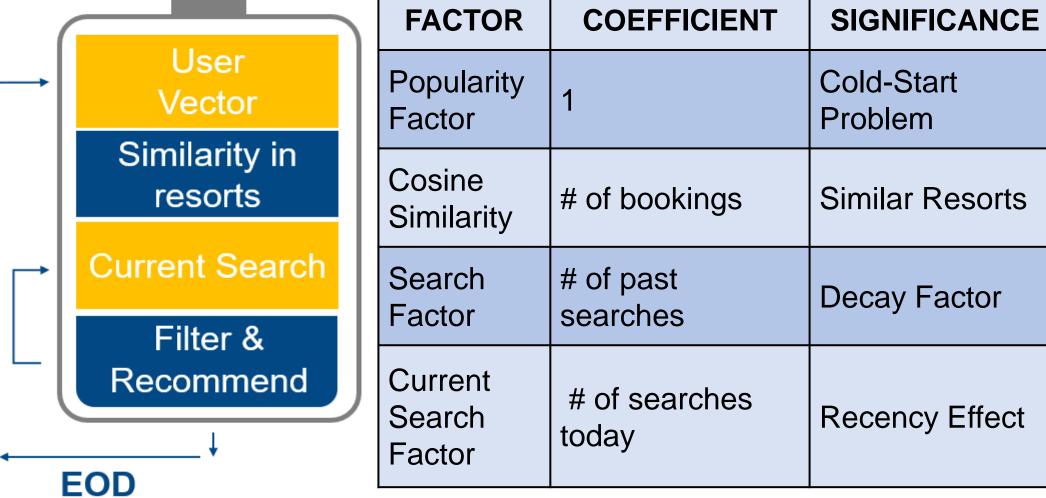


Figure 3: Process Flow of CS model

Table 2: Update Factor for CS model

Based on cosine score which is the sum product of mentioned factors, top 8 resorts in the current search's region are recommended to the user.





Matrix Factorization



50% of the times resorts booked **60%** of the times resorts booked were recommended within 17 days

Cosine

Similarity

2. AVG RUN **TIME**

1. ACCURACY

seconds

were recommended within 17 days

1.13 seconds

 Diversification 3. PROS

 User-Amenities relationships Works well with sparse data Quick Results

4. CONS Time consuming

Not good for sparse data

Although Cosine Similarity is more accurate and fast we recommended our industry partner Matrix Factorization because of diverse recommendations. The problem of time consuming nature can be resolved by deploying parallel processing and GPUs.

20% *

Expected increase in

bookings in 1st year

+5%

of customers due to synergy effect

> \$24 M Expected increase in

revenue in 1st year

* : Based on an online survey of 136 people



CONCLUSIONS

- > The recommendation system significantly improves the bookings and expectedly would increase click-through rate
- > Educates resorts about amenities which specific customers are targeting.
- > Solved the cold-start problem by offering recommendations based on most popular resorts in the area.
- > Our method is an Al-based model, and its accuracy will increase with time as the model would learn more with increasing amount of data



ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

We thank our industry partner for their trust, support and encouragement while approaching this business problem. We also thank Professor Matthew Lanham for constant guidance on this project